

# Radiation Characteristics of 2\*2 Quarter wave Transformer Fed Circular Patch Array Antenna at L Band for Airborne Applications

U.Srinivasa Rao, P Siddaiah

**Abstract**— In this paper, we presented modelling and simulation of a Microstrip Line Quarter Wave Transformer-fed 2x2 Circular Patch Array Antenna is presented. The maximum size of proposed array antenna is 300mm x 450mm x 24mm. The substrate material used for this antenna RTDuroid has thickness of 1.588mm and relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) is 2.2. The design frequency of the antenna is 2GHz and VSWR  $\leq$  2. The proposed antenna is modelled and simulated using ANSOFT HFSS. The gain of this array antenna is 10.15 dB and return loss of -21.38dB. The proposed array antenna has beam width of 111.980 and bandwidth of 459 MHz. These type of antennas are very useful for airborne applications.

**Index Terms**— Microstrip Patch Antenna, Array Antenna, Bandwidth, Beamwidth, Return Loss.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Microstrip patch antennas are popular, because they have some advantages due to their conformal and simple planar structure. They allow all the advantages of printed-circuit technology. A vast number of papers are available in the literature, investigating various aspects of microstrip antennas. Development of microstrip antennas was initiated in 1981, where a space-borne, light-weight, and low-profile planar array was needed for a satellite communication system. Since then, the development of the microstrip antenna has been expanded into three major program areas: mobile satellite (MSAT) communication, earth remote sensing, and deep-space exploration.

The term “Microstrip” comes because the thickness of this metallic strip is in micro-meter range. Microstrip patch antennas are popular, because they have some advantages due to their conformal and simple planar structure. They allow all the advantages of printed-circuit technology. Next we describe the procedure for increasing the antenna bandwidth. Finally, the simulated results are described, and it can be used for communication and other applications.

## II. PROCEDURE FOR PAPER SUBMISSION

The radius of the patch is calculated using the formulae

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$$a = \frac{F}{\left\{1 + \frac{2h}{\pi\epsilon_r F} \left[ \ln\left(\frac{\pi F}{2h}\right) + 1.7726 \right]\right\}^{1/2}} - Eq.1$$

Where

$$F = \frac{8.791 \times 10^9}{f_r \sqrt{\epsilon_r}} - Eq.2$$

The proposed antenna designed at 2GHz and the dielectric constant and height of the substrate are 2.2 and 1.6mm respectively. Radius of the proposed antenna by using these values is 28.62mm.

## III. DESIGN OF PROPOSED ANTENNA

The structure of the single circular patch antenna with the above radius modeled and simulated is shown in fig.1

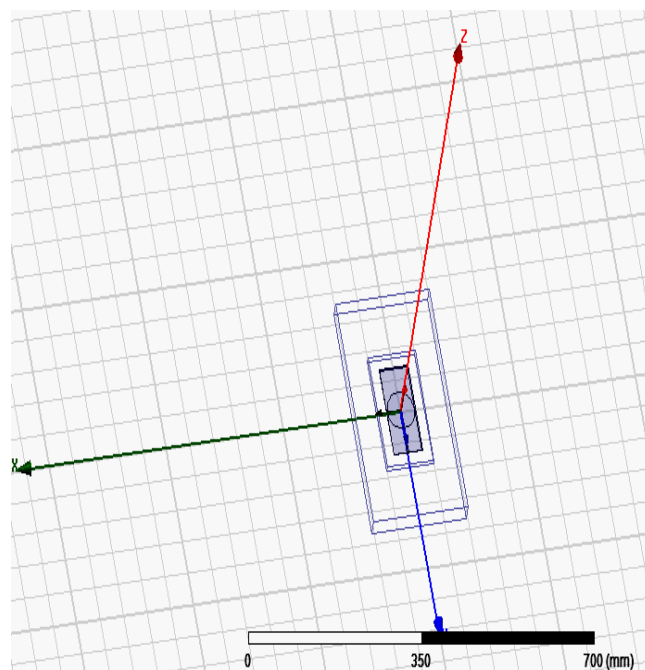


Fig.1.Single Element Circular Patch Antenna

The structure of 2x2 circular patch array antenna designed with the above circular patch antenna modeled and simulated is shown in fig.2. In the array all the elements are fed with same amplitude and same phase.

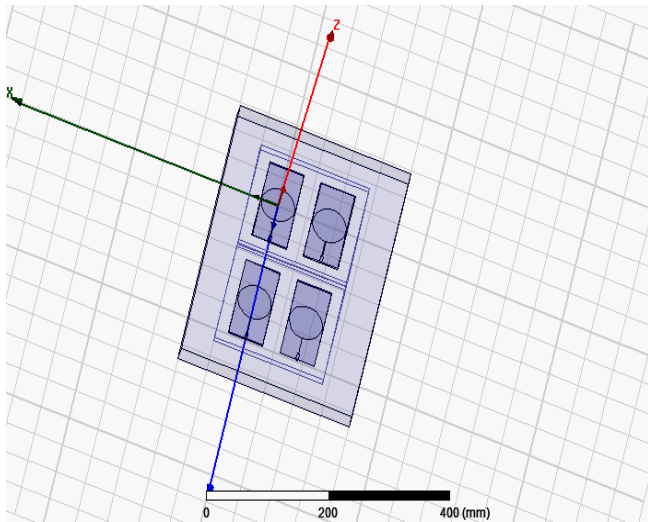


Fig.2 2X2 Circular Patch Array Antenna

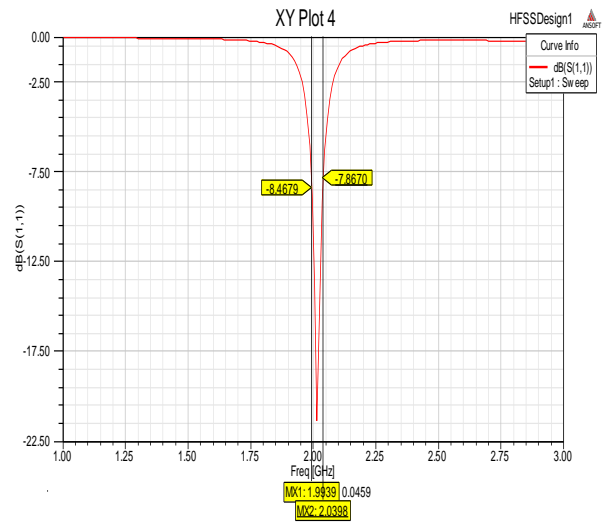


Fig5. Bandwidth

IV. RESULTS

The return loss of the proposed array antenna at 2GHz is -21.38dB, VSWR is 1.83 and Bandwidth is 459MHz are respectively shown in Fig.3, 4 and 5.

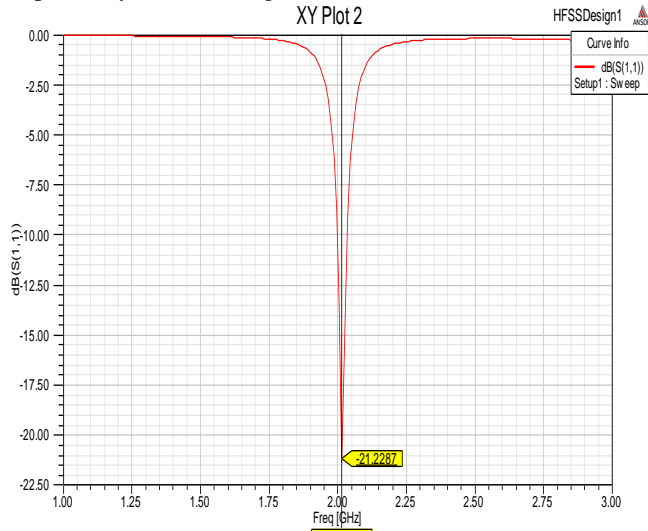


Fig.3 Return Loss

The Beamwidths in elevation and azimuth are 111.98<sup>0</sup> and 23.91<sup>0</sup> are respectively in fig.6 and fig.7

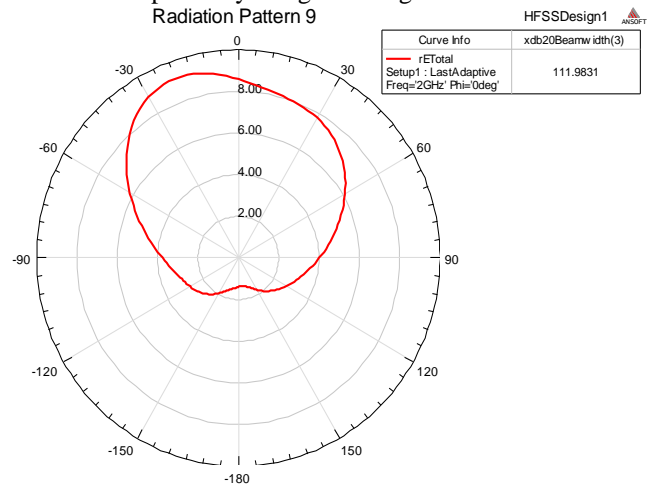


Fig.6. Elecvation Beamwidth

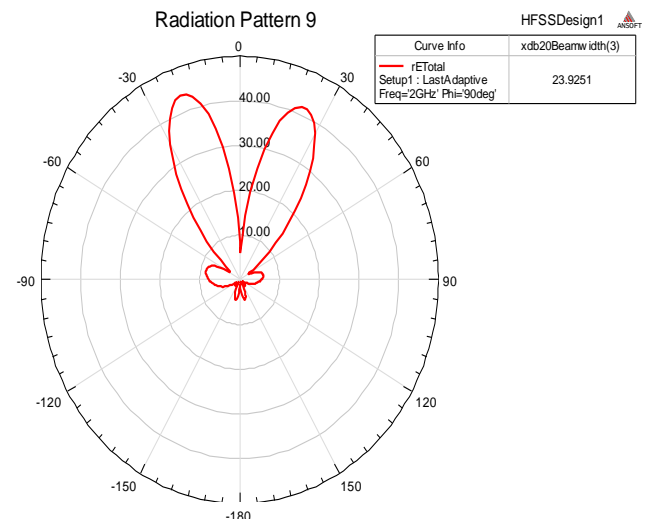


Fig.7. Azimuth Beamwidth.

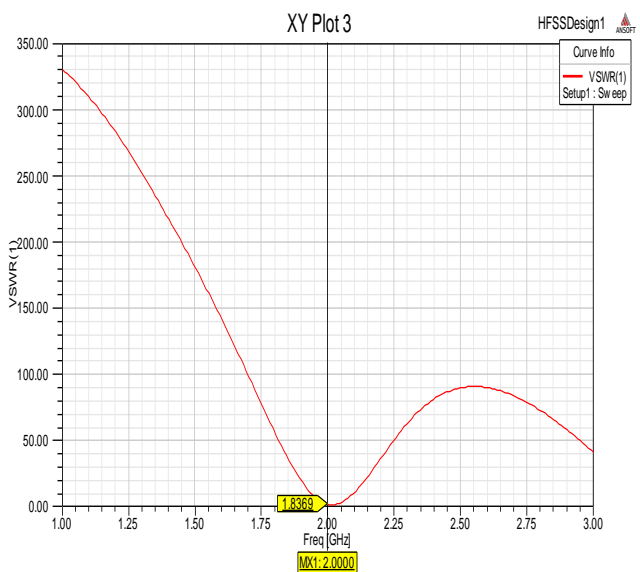


Fig.4 VSWR

The Gain, directivity and radiation efficiency are 10.15dB, 10.28dB and 97.9% respectively as shown in fig.8, fig.9 and fig.10.

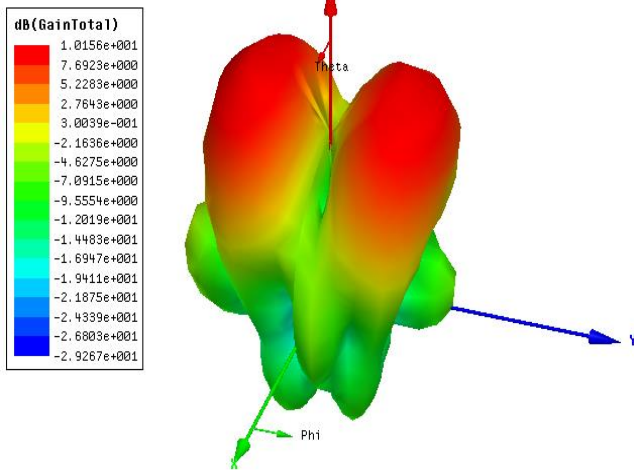


Fig.8. Gain.

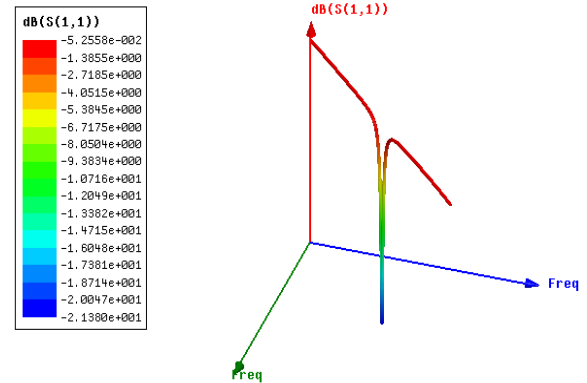


Fig.12. 3D Rectangular plot for Return loss

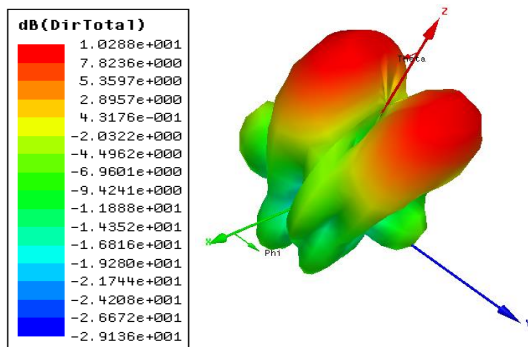


Fig.9. Directivity.

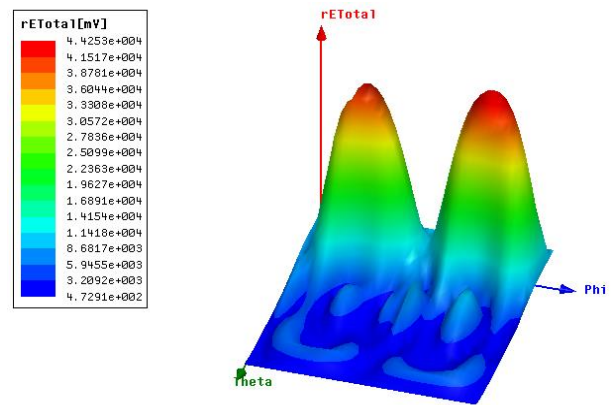


Fig.12. 3D Rectangular plot for Electric Filed

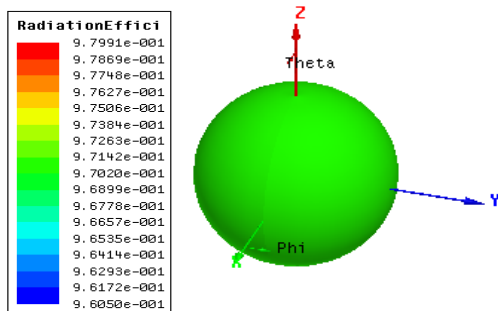


Fig.10. Radiation Efficiency.

The polar plot, 3D Rectangular plot for Return loss and 3D Rectangular plot for Electric field is shown in fig.11, fig.12 and fig.13.

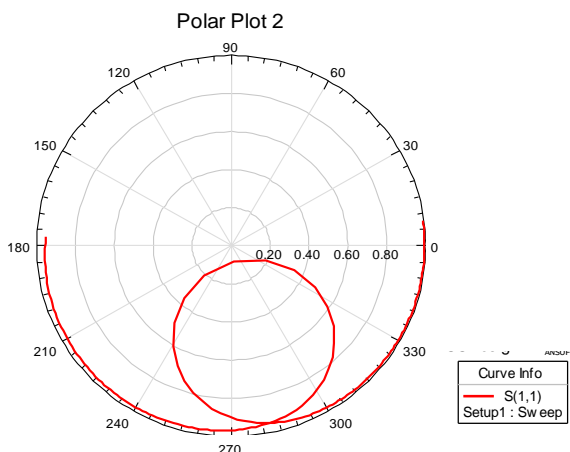


Fig.11. Polar Plot

The various Antenna parameters like radiated power, peak gain, Max U, peak realized gain, decay factor, peak directivity, accepted power, incident power, radiation efficiency and field data of the 2X2 circular patch array antenna are given in Table.1 as shown below.

Antenna Parameters			
Setup Name:	Infinite Sphere1	OK	
Solution:	LastAdaptive	Export	
Array Setup:	None	Export Fields	
Intrinsic Variation:	Freq='2GHz'		
Design Variation:			
Antenna Parameters:			
Quantity	Value	Units	
Max U	2.5973	W/sr	
Peak Directivity	10.685		
Peak Gain	10.366		
Peak Realized Gain	8.1598		
Radiated Power	3.0548	W	
Accepted Power	3.1486	W	
Incident Power	4	W	
Radiation Efficiency	0.9702		
Front to Back Ratio	-N/A-		
Decay Factor	0		
Maximum Field Data:			
rE Field	Value	Units	At Phi At Theta
Total	44.253	V	280deg 20deg
X	5.7783	V	50deg 40deg
Y	41.667	V	280deg 20deg
Z	18.953	V	80deg 30deg

Table.1 Antenna Parameters and filed data.

## V. CONCLUSION

The proposed 2X2 circular patch array antenna is modeled and simulated using ansoft HFSS. The proposed has good gain, return loss and beamwidth, Hence, it can be used for Airbone application

## VI. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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